





PRESENTING

BARODA BNP PARIBAS ENERGY OPPORTUNITIES FUND

(An open-ended equity scheme investing in Energy companies)

What is the similarity between







Caveman



Einstein



Vikram Sarabhai

They all discovered the "Spark that Ignites Energy"



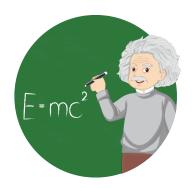


Discovery of Fire



Recognized fire as a source of energy that transformed their way of life, leading to advancements in cooking and social organization.

E=MC²



His famous equation E=MC² fundamentally changed the understanding of energy, illustrating its connection to mass and the universe.

Energy Revolution in India



Three visionary Indian scientists Homi Jehangir Bhabha, Vikram
Sarabhai, and C.V. Raman - dared to
dream of a brighter future. Their
groundbreaking research sparked a
revolution, transforming India's
energy landscape forever.

Energy continues to Power Many Aspects of Our Lives







Household

- Electrical appliances like
 TV, Washing machine,
 Refrigerator, etc.
- Entertainment/
 Communication devices Smart phones, Tablets



Agriculture

- ► Mechanized farming
- Irrigation pumps, machines for harvesting, pest control, lighting
- ► Cold Storage



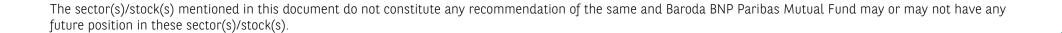
Commercial / Industrial

- Healthcare, FMCG, Textiles,
 Metals & mining, Oil & Gas,
 Automobiles
- Powers Information Technology
- Production of goods in factories
- ► Payments infrastructure



Connectivity

- **▶** Telecommunication
- Data Centers
- ► Internet services
- **▶** Transmitters
- Internet Services









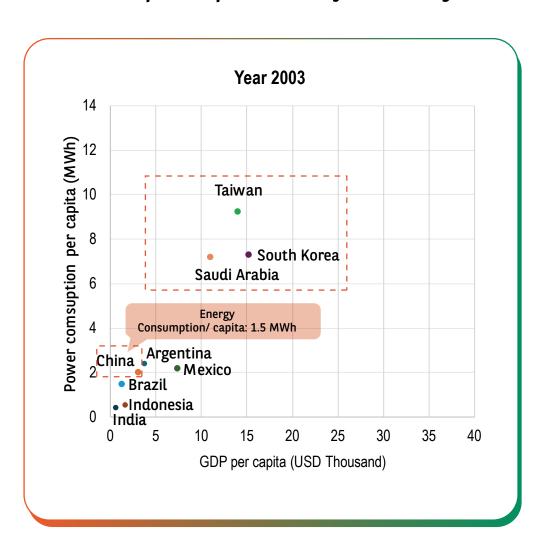
Countries need
"Higher" Energy
During their
Developing Phase

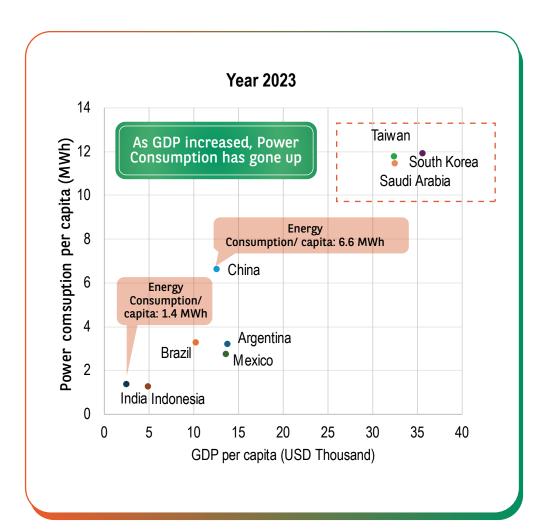
Historically there has been Positive Correlation Between GDP growth and Energy Consumption





As the per capita GDP of a country increases, its power consumption also increases.

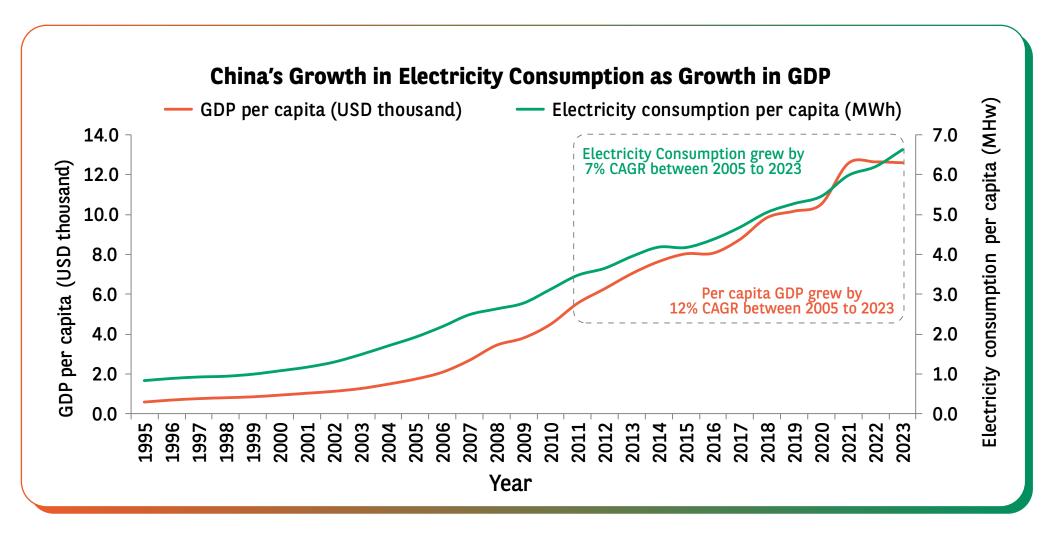




China's Energy Consumption Grows with it's GDP



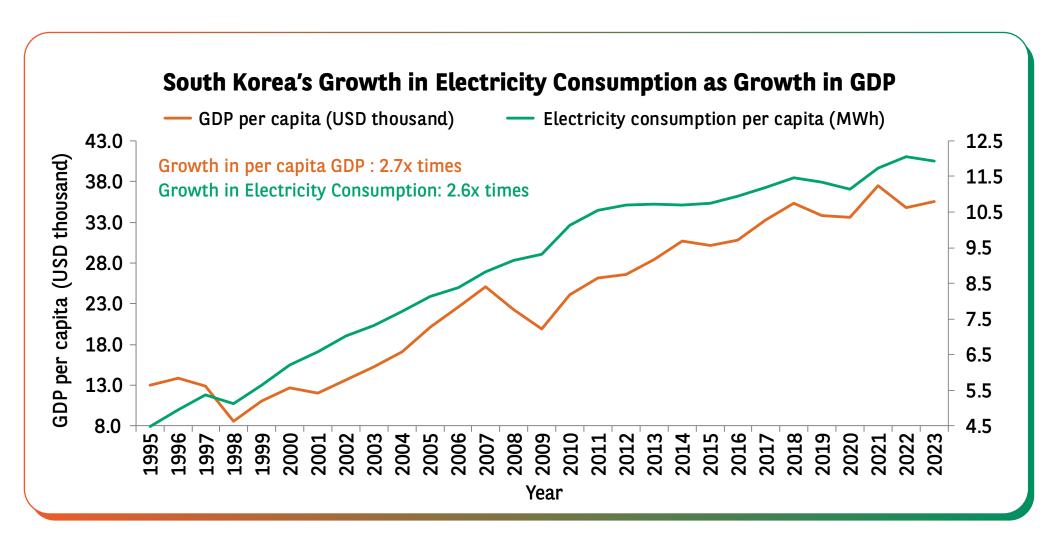




• China witnessed 3.5 times surge in its electricity consumption as its per capita GDP grew from \$ 1,800 in 2005 to \$12,600 in 2023.

South Korea's Energy Consumption Grows with it's GDP



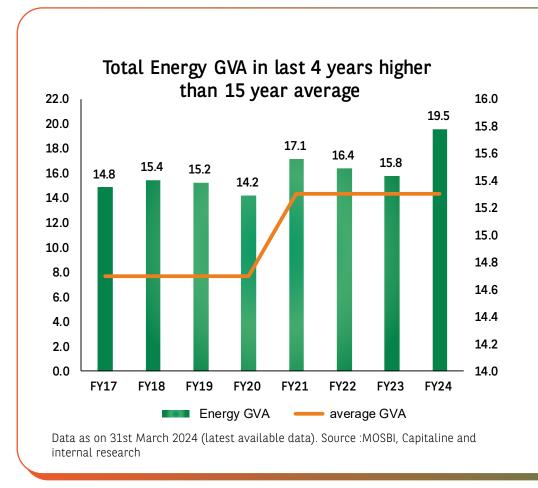


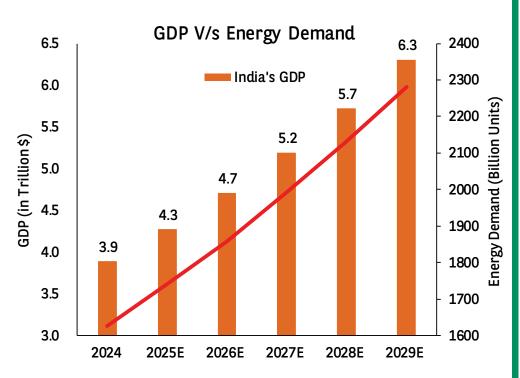
- South Korea's Electricity consumption grew in tandem with its per capita growth i.e. 3x times historically.
- · Energy intensity changes as per growth in GDP.

Even in India, Energy Demand likely to Grow with Growth in the per capita GDP









- Data as on 31st October 2024(latest available data). Source: IMF, Jefferies and internal research. The estimated figures in this graph are based on internal research and may vary based on change in various factors
- Historically, the energy sector has added about 15% Gross Value Added (GVA) to the economy every year for the last 15 years.
- As India's GDP is projected to grow by 1.9x times in the next 5 years, India's demand for energy is also poised to grow 1.7x times.
- This aims to unlock huge opportunities for the energy sector in coming times.







Meaning of Energy: The landscape







Sources of Energy

- ► Coal Value Chain
- ► Crude Value Chain
- ► Hydrocarbon Value Chain
- ► Others



Uses of Energy

- ► Household
- ► Agriculture
- ► Industrial / Commercial Uses
- ► Transportation
- ► Connectivity

Energy Opportunities - a Broad theme







Industries for the theme

Coal

Gas Transmission/Marketing Integrated Power Utilities LPG/CNG/PNG/LNG Supplier

Lubricants

Offshore Support Solution Drilling

Oil Equipment & Services

Oil Exploration & Production

Oil Storage & Transportation

Other Utilities

PowerTransmission

Power Distribution

Power Generation

Power Trading

Refineries & Marketing

TradingCoal

TradingGas

Metal & Mining

Cement



Historically, Outperforming the Broad Market





Key Measures	Nifty 500 TRI	Nifty Energy TRI			
PE	25.8	15.2			
РВ	3.9	2.1			
Div Yield %	1.1	2.4			
EPS Growth					
1 Year EPS Growth %^	25.9	41.1			

Historically, Nifty Energy TRI has performed better than the broad-based Nifty 500 TRI despite lower valuations and higher EPS growth.

Data as of 29th November 2024 | Source: Bloomberg, Nifty Indices and Internal. **Past performance may or may not be sustained in future and is not a guarantee of any future returns**. EPS stands for Earnings per share. P E= Price to Earning Ratio, PB = Price to Book, Div Yield = Dividend Yield i.e. Dividends per share divided by share price ^Data as of Dec 2023 (latest available data)



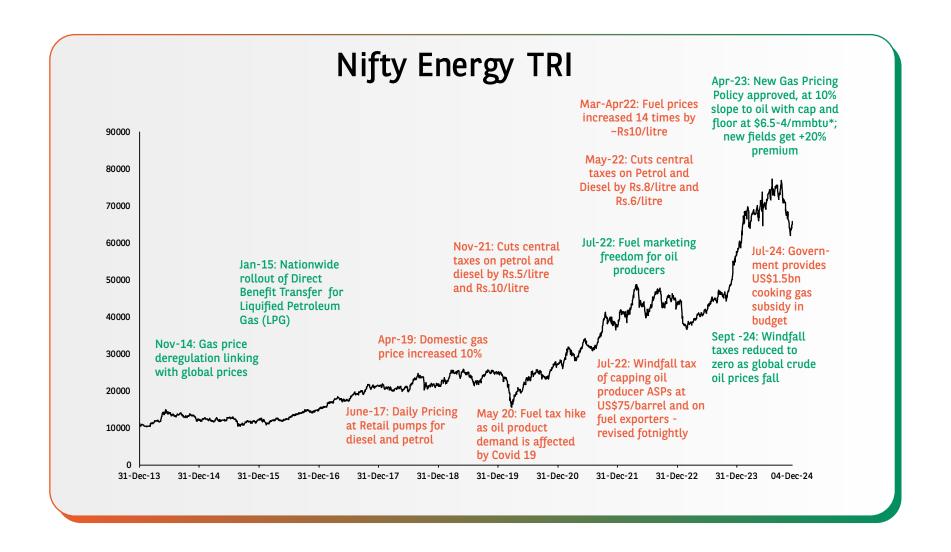


Energy MegaTrends

India's Key Energy Reforms







Source: Morgan Stanley Report as of December 04, 2024 | * MMBTU = Million British Thermal Units

Please note that this is to explain the change in reforms in the energy sector. It should not be taken as an indication of any future projections.

Themes in the Sector







Rising Energy Needs: Thrust on manufacturing, data centers, etc.



Improving energy self-sufficiency



Energy Infrastructure: LNG Terminals, mass transport Eg. Metros

New Energy Transition



Improving Energy Efficiency: Lower carbon footprint



Clean Energy: Renewables and alternates



Investment in natural gas as a transition fuel

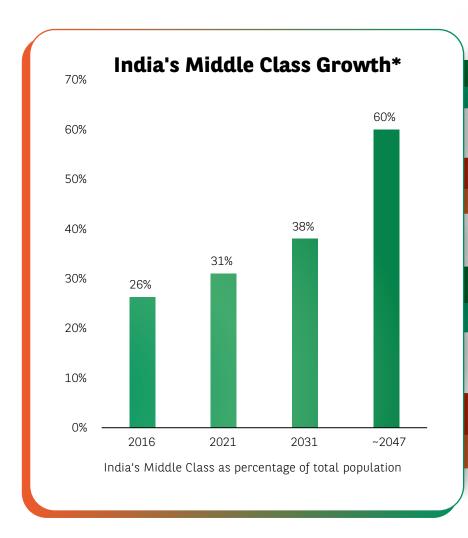


Energy Infrastructure: EV charging, Green Ammonia

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Traditional Sources of Energy: Increase in Demand





India's middle class to double in the next few decades.

Lifestyle changes/ upgrades drive premiumization and in turn higher energy consumption.

Drivers for increase in energy consumption- Necessity, Convenience, Productivity, Innovation, Efficiency, Communication, Transportation

Energy transition also likely to significantly increase demand for electricity – Electricity could be the next oil – Green hydrogen, electric vehicles, data centers to increase electricity demand

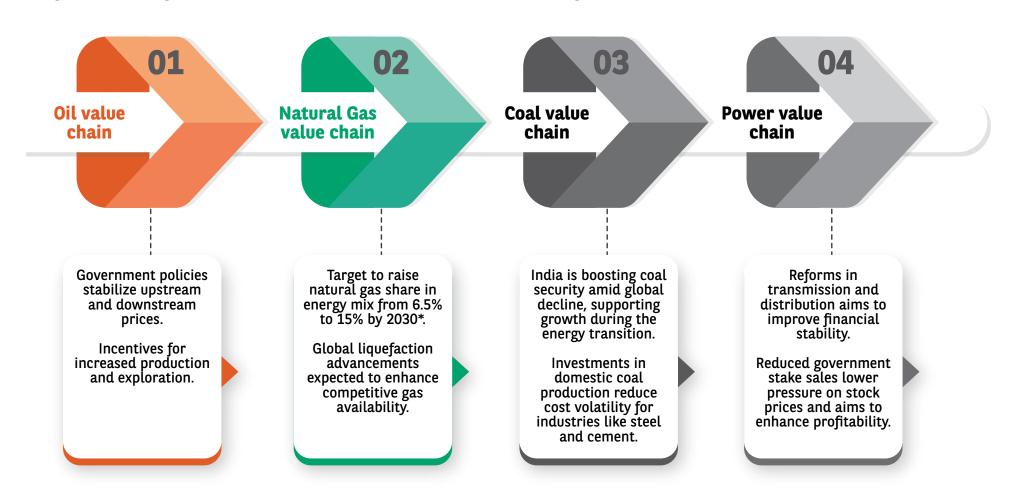
Data as on July 2023 (latest available data) Report by Price 360° Surveys.

^{*}Middle class is defined as individuals earning between 5 lacs to 30 lacs per household, annually.

Traditional Sources: Improving India's Energy Security



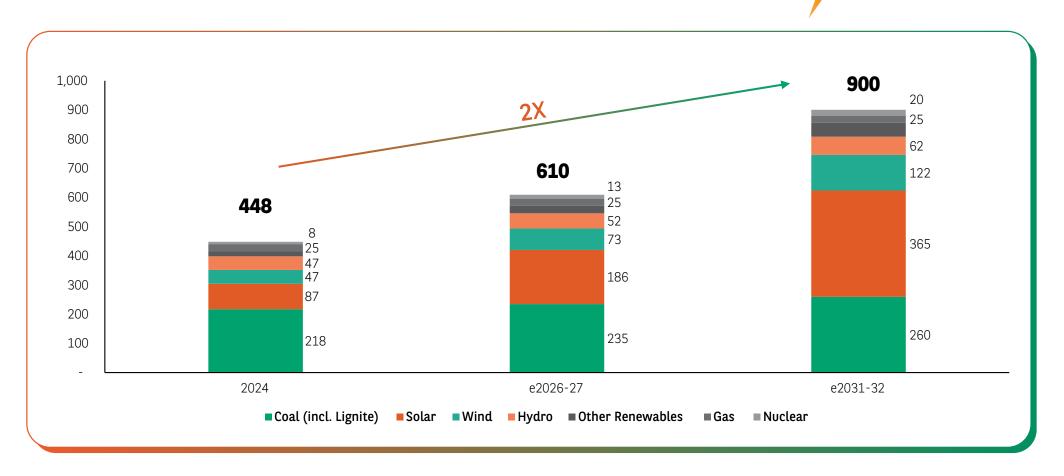
The Government is implementing reforms for self-sufficiency, including remunerative pricing for Exploration & Production, gas pricing reforms, windfall taxes, strategic capital allocation, support for Oil Marketing Companies (OMCs), stable oil and refining margins, a unified gas transportation tariff, and increased investment in gas infrastructure.



^{*} Source: Publication released by Government of India on pib.gov.in | Data as on 18th December 2023 (latest available data)

Energy Transition: Generation Mix





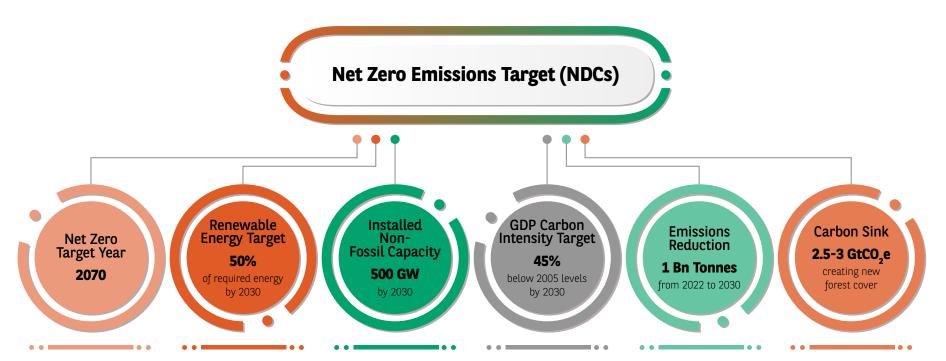
- ► Capacity: 2x of total installed capacity from present 448 GW to 900 GW by 2031-32
- ► Renewables: Renewable energy to expand from present 42% to 66% by 2031-32. Govt. to invite bids for 50 GW of renewable energy capacity annually for next 5 years from FY24 to FY28 to meet 500 GW target by 2030
- ▶ Solar and Wind: Growth in solar capacity is set to grow 4x and wind by 2.5x by 2031-32

Source: Government of India - Press Information Bureau, Ministry of New and Renewable Energy - PLI, Center on Global Energy Policy - Columbia University, NEP - National Electricity Plan, Inevitable Policy Response\ Data as on 5th August 2024 (latest available data)

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Energy Transition: A policy-driven trend





PLI on High Efficiency Solar PV Modules

- Production Linked Incentive (PLI) for achieving manufacturing capacity of Giga Watt (GW) scale in High Efficiency Solar PV modules
- Outlay of ~\$2.85 billion through PLI

National Solar Mission

- Rooftop Solar Scheme
- ▶ 10 Mn households to get rooftop solar power systems
- Households to get upto 300 units free electricity every month

Battery Storage PLI and Funding

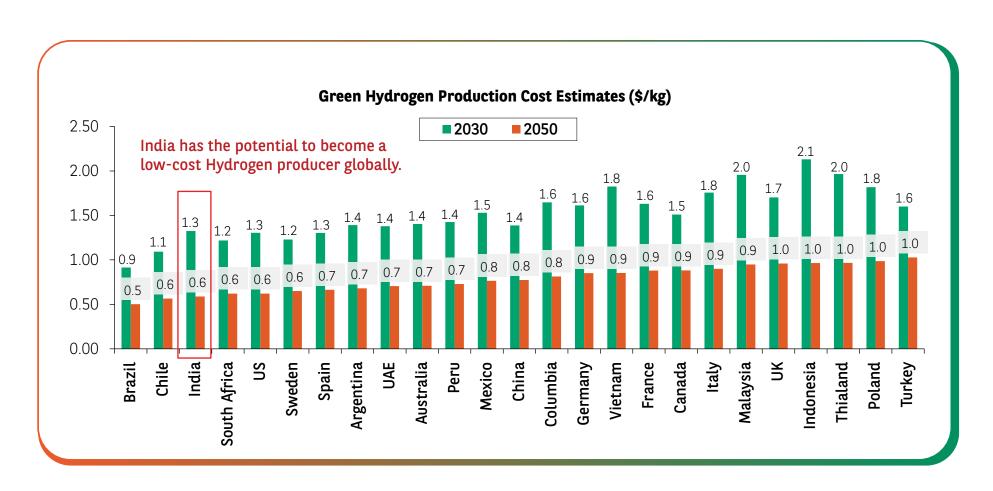
- ▶ PLI on Advanced Chemistry Cell Battery Storage: FY25 budget increased almost 250 times to \$30 million
- ➤ Battery Energy Storage
 Systems with capacity of 4
 GW hours can avail of
 Viability Gap Funding
 worth ~ \$460 million

National Green Hydrogen Mission

- ► Targets **5 Mn tonnes** of production by 2030
- ► ~\$100 billion of investment through PLIs
- Incentives for manufacturing electrolyzers and hydrogen production

National Green Hydrogen Mission

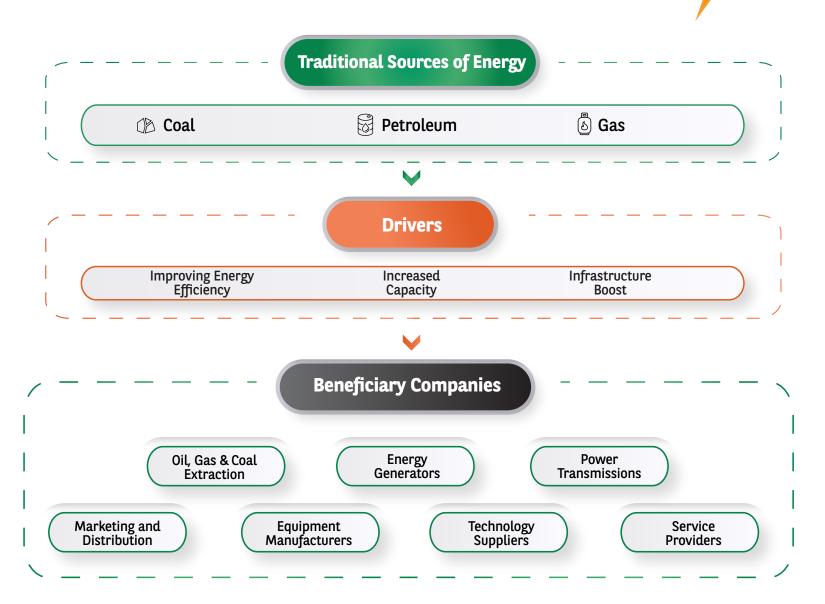




- ▶ India plans to produce 5 million metric tonnes of green hydrogen annually by 2030.
- ► Lower production costs can make hydrogen a competitive energy source, potentially leading to lower operational costs for vehicles and industries that use hydrogen fuel cells.

Energy Landscape and Opportunities in a Nutshell

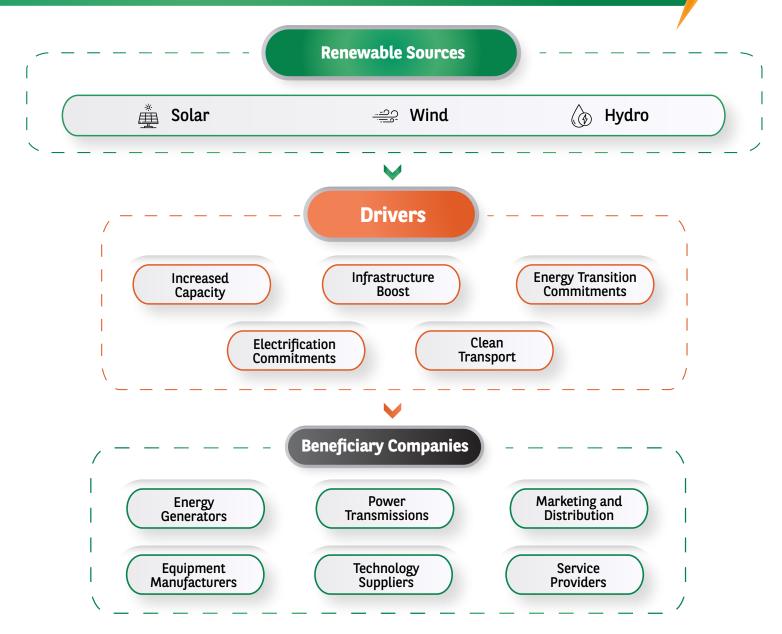




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Energy Landscape and Opportunities in a Nutshell





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BARODA BNP PARIBAS ENERGY OPPORTUNITIES FUND

(An open-ended equity scheme investing in Energy companies)



Key Features of the Scheme



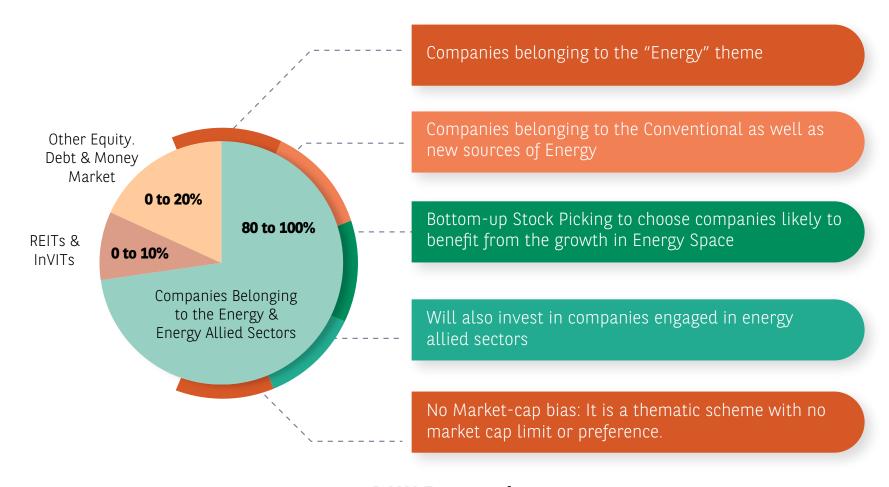
Baroda BNP Paribas Energy Opportunities Fund focuses on equity and equity related instruments of companies engaging in activities such as **About the** exploration, production, distribution, transportation and processing of Scheme? traditional & new energy including but not limited to industries/sectors such as oil & gas, utilities and power. The scheme will invest at least 80% of its assets in stocks of companies Investment involved in energy and allied sectors which can include production, **Focus** distribution, and related services. The scheme will provide investors with targeted exposure to a dynamic **Why Consider** industry poised for growth, driven by both traditional energy needs and this Scheme? the transition towards renewable sources. Ideal Energy is a long-term theme and ideal holding period should be more Investment than 3 years. Horizon

Please refer to the Scheme Information Document of the scheme before investing for details including investment objective, asset allocation pattern, investment strategy, risk factors and taxation

Investment Strategy Overview







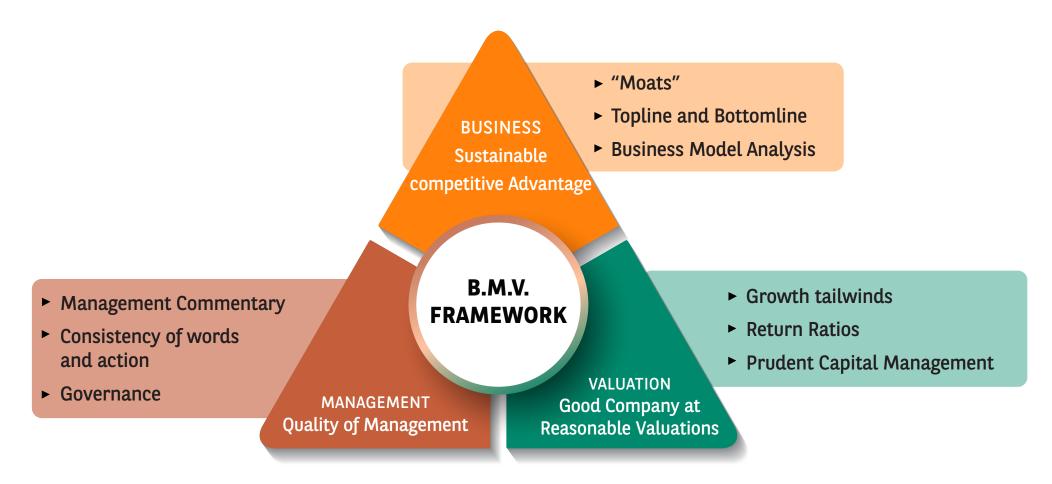
B.M.V. Framework

Final Estimated Portfolio - 30 to 50 stocks

B.M.V.: Business, Management, Valuation. Source: Internal Research. The estimated no. of stocks in the portfolio may change based on performance of companies in this sector, change in government policies impacting energy sector, overall market conditions etc.



investment philosophy



Key themes / Universe







Extraction

Mining & Oil Exploration companies



Production / Generation

Oil Refining companies, Energy Generating companies



Transmission

Power Transmission companies, Power InVITs, Gas Pipelines



Distribution

Oil Marketing, Power Distribution, Gas Distribution



Energy Transition

Transition to renewable energy

Energy Ancillary Companies: Equipment manufacturers, companies making components of new energy. **Energy Services Companies:** Industrial and capital goods companies that are engaged in energy consultancy.

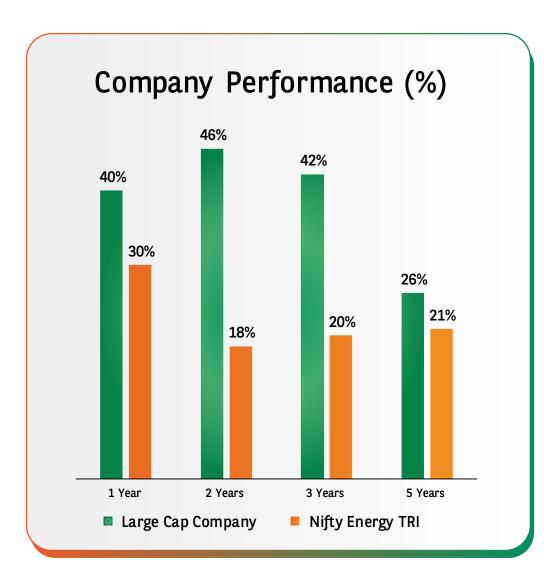
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Powering Growth Through Diverse Energy Solutions





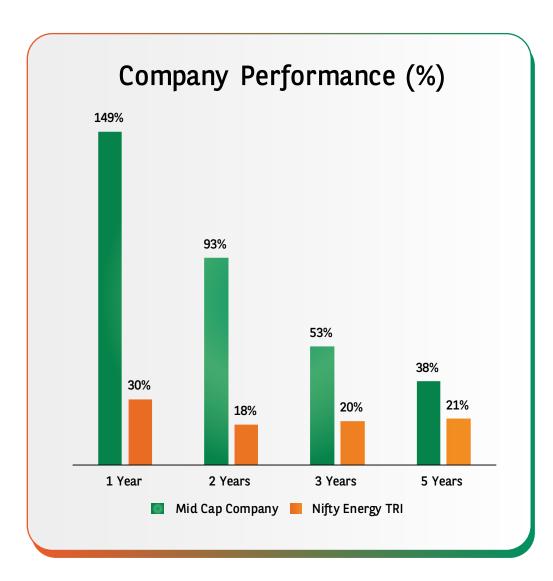
Company Financials	2 year CAGR	3 year CAGR
Revenue	16.0	16.7
EBIDTA	24.7	38.1
PAT	11.7	12.5

- ► A Large Cap company that operates a broad mix of power generation facilities, including 35 coal-based plants, which contribute to approximately 25% of India's electricity needs.
- ► Capacity Expansion: In FY23, the company added 3,952 MW of capacity, boosting overall generation and revenue potential.
- ► Large footprint in renewables: Targeting 30GW of capacity by FY28 and 60GW by FY32 through a majority own subsidiary.

Source: Bloomberg. Data as on November 29, 2024 | PAT = Profit After Tax, EBITDA = Earnings Before Interest Depreciation Tax and Amortisation **Past performance may or may not be sustained in future and is not a guarantee of any future returns.** The sector(s)/stock(s) mentioned in this document do not constitute any recommendation of the same and Baroda BNP Paribas Mutual Fund may or may not have any future position in these sector(s)/stock(s).

Increased Domestic Production to drive growth





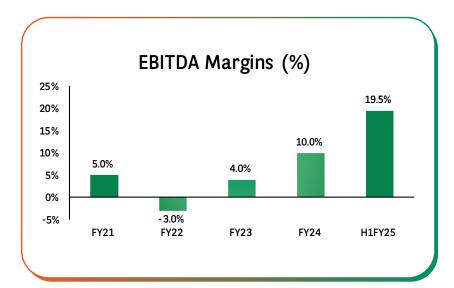
Oil India	2 year CAGR	3 year CAGR		
Revenue	24.7	38.1		
EBIDTA	31.3	94.1		
PAT	19.5	47.2		

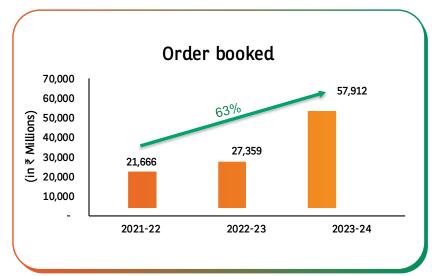
- ► It is a mid sized company engaged in the exploration, production, and distribution of oil and natural gas.
- ► Increased Domestic Production: The company focused on enhancing domestic oil and gas production.
- ► **Portfolio Diversification:** The company's strategy includes diversifying into renewable energy and integrated energy solutions.

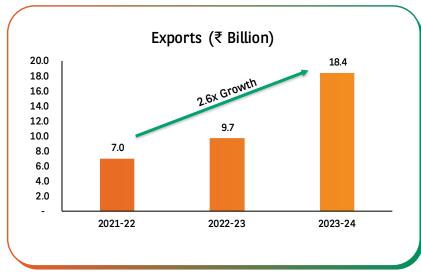
Source: Bloomberg. Data as on November 29, 2024 | PAT = Profit After Tax, EBITDA = Earnings Before Interest Depreciation Tax and Amortisation **Past performance may or may not be sustained in future and is not a guarantee of any future returns.** The sector(s)/stock(s) mentioned in this document do not constitute any recommendation of the same and Baroda BNP Paribas Mutual Fund may or may not have any future position in these sector(s)/stock(s).

Energizing Growth Through Robust Solutions









- A Small Cap company focusing on providing power transmission and distribution solutions.
- Focus on Renewable Integration: It is actively involved in projects that support India's transition to renewable energy.
- High Voltage Equipment Orders: The company secured substantial contracts for high voltage equipment, including major international orders, enhancing its market position in the energy sector

Who is it Suitable For?







Investors who want a focused exposure to Energy companies



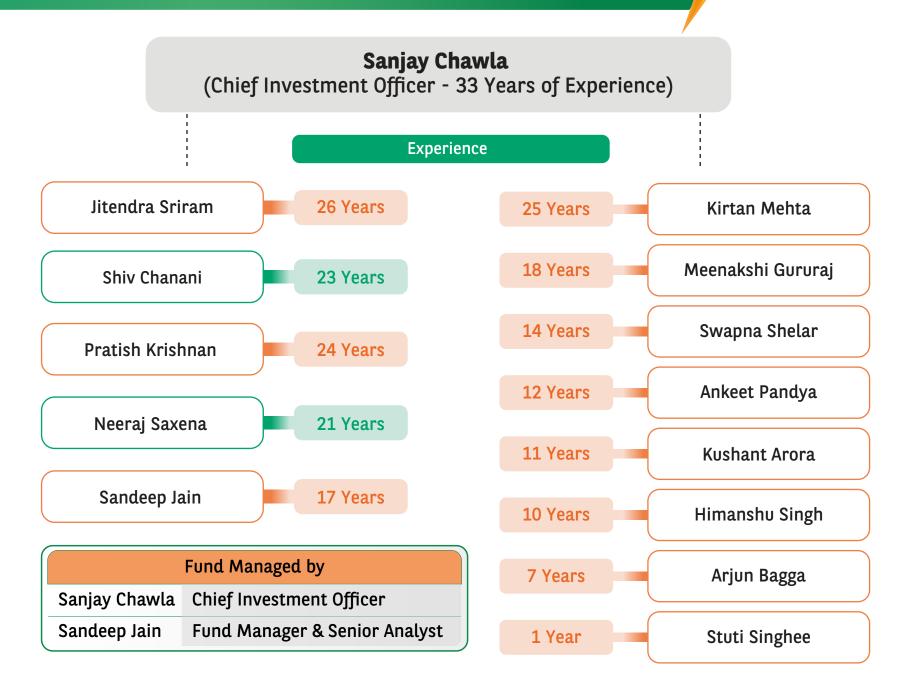
Investors who want to participate in the India's growth journey



Investors looking for new sector / theme to diversify their portfolio

Investment Team and Experience





Fund Facts





Scheme name	Baroda BNP Paribas Energy Opportunities Fund					
Type of the Scheme	An open-ended equity scheme predominantly investing in Energy companies					
Category	Equity Scheme - Sectoral/Thematic Fund					
Investment Objective	The investment objective of the Scheme is to provide investors with opportunities for larelated instruments of companies engaging in activities such as exploration, production energy including but not limited to industries/sectors such as oil & gas, utilities and po can be no assurance that the scheme's objectives will be achieved	n, distribution, transp	ortation and processing of	traditional & new		
	Type of Instrument	Minimum (% of Net Assets)	Maximum (% of Net Assets)			
	Equity and equity related^ instruments of companies in the Energy and allied sectors	80	100			
	Equity and equity related^ instruments of companies other than those in the Energy and allied sectors	0	20			
	Debt & Money Market instruments*	0	20			
	Units of Mutual Funds (Domestic Schemes)	0	10			
	Units issued by REITs & InvITs	0	10			
	^The Scheme may invest upto 50% of equity assets in equity derivative instruments as permitted under the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 from time to time The Scheme may use equity derivatives for such purposes as maybe permitted under the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996, including but not limited for the purpose of hedging and portfolio balancing, based on the opportunities available and subject to guidelines issued by SEBI from time to time. *Debt instruments may include securitised debt upto 20% of the debt portfolio of the scheme. For detailed asset allocation including indicative asset allocation table, please refer to SID on our website www.barodabnpparibasmf.in					
<mark>Benchmar</mark> k	Nifty Energy TRI					
und Manager	Sanjay Chawla and Sandeep Jain					
Load Structure	Exit Load: For redemption/switch out of units more than 10% of units, within 1 year from the date of allotment - 1% of applicable NAV. For redemption/ switch out of units in any other case – Nil					
Minimum Amount for Application during the NFO & Ongoing Offer	Lumpsum Details: A minimum of Rs. 1,000 per application and in multiples of Rs.1 Minimum Additional Application Amount: Rs. 1,000 and in multiples of Rs. 1 thereafter. SIP Details: Minimum Application Amount - (i) Daily, Weekly, Monthly SIP: Rs. 500/- and in multiples of Rs. 1/- thereafter; (ii) Quarterly SIP: Rs. 1500/- and in multiples of Rs. 1/- thereafter					

Risk Factors



The risks associated with investments in equities include fluctuations in prices, as stock markets can be volatile and decline in response to political, regulatory, economic, market and stock-specific development etc. Please refer to scheme information document for detailed risk factors, asset allocation, investment strategy etc. Investment in the scheme carries the risk regarding non-diversification of the portfolio due to the investment universe mainly limited to companies that are operating in the Energy and allied sectors and hence, the scope for diversification could be limited at times and the concentration is expected to be high in companies belonging to the Energy sector. Further, the volatility and/or adverse performance of the Energy sector and/or of the scrips belonging to this sector would have a material adverse bearing on the performance of this Scheme. Further, to the extent the scheme invests in fixed income securities, the Scheme shall be subject to various risks associated with investments in Fixed Income Securities such as Credit and Counterparty risk, Liquidity risk, Market risk, Interest Rate risk & Re-investment risk etc., Further, the Scheme may use various permitted derivative instruments and techniques which may increase the volatility of scheme's performance. Also, the risks associated with the use of derivatives are different from or possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in securities and other traditional investments.

Please refer to Scheme Information Document available on our website (www.barodabnpparibasmf.in) for detailed Risk Factors, asset allocation, investment strategy etc.

Baroda BNP Paribas Energy Opportunities Fund

(An open-ended equity scheme investing in Energy companies)

This product is suitable for investors who are seeking*:

- ▶ Long term capital appreciation and growth.
- ▶ Investments predominantly in equity and equity related securities of energy companies.

*Investors should consult their financial advisers if in doubt about whether the product is suitable for them.

Scheme Riskometer^^ Moderately Moderate High Risk Low Pisk Investors understand that their

principal will be at Very High risk.

Benchmark Riskometer Moderate lo⊮ }is¥ RISKOMETE Benchmark riskometer is at Very High risk. As per AMFI Tier I Benchmark - Nifty Energy TRI

^^The above product labelling assigned during the New Fund Offer (NFO) is based on internal assessment of the scheme characteristics or model portfolio and the same may vary post NFO when the actual investments are made.

Offer of Units of Rs.10 each for cash during the New Fund Offer and Continuous offer for Units at NAV based prices.

Disclaimers



In the preparation of this document, Baroda BNP Paribas Asset Management India Pvt. Ltd. ("AMC") has used information that is publicly available and developed in-house. The AMC, however, does not warrant the accuracy, reasonableness and/or completeness of any information. This document may contain statements/opinions/ recommendations, which contain words, such as "expect", "believe" and similar expressions or variations that are "forward looking statements". Actual results may differ materially from those suggested by the forward looking statements due to risk or uncertainties associated with our expectations with respect to, but not limited to, exposure to market risks, general economic and political conditions in India and other countries globally, which have an impact on our investments, the monetary and interest policies of India, inflation, deflation, unanticipated turbulence in interest rates, foreign exchange rates, equity prices or other rates or prices, etc. The AMC (including its affiliates), Baroda BNP Paribas Mutual Fund ("Mutual Fund"), its sponsor / trustee and any of its officers, directors, employees, shall not liable for any loss, damage of any nature, including direct, indirect, punitive, exemplary, consequential, or loss of profit arising from use of this document. The recipient alone shall be fully responsible for decision taken based on this document. All data given in this document is dated and may or may not be relevant at a future date. Investors are advised to consult their legal/tax/financial advisors to determine possible tax, legal and other financial implication or consequence of investing into the scheme. Past performance may or may not be sustained in the future.



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